Super-short Scripting Basics in Unity

About scripting

- Unity uses C# 2.0 or Javascript
- We'll be going over C# on these slides
 - It has more features
- The rest of these slides assumes you know either C#, Java, or C++

About C#

- C# is a lot like Java and C++
 - a. Garbage collected language (no delete!)
 - b. Almost everything is a pointer
 - c. Need to define variable type

C# struct and class

• C# class is the same as Java and C++ classes
a. Calling new will create a new pointer
class DemoOne {

```
public int x;
    public DemoOne(int p) { x = p; }
DemoOne test1 = new DemoOne(1);
DemoOne test2 = test1;
test1.x += 1;
// test1.x is 2, test2.x is 2
```

C# struct and class

• C# struct is treated like a value than a pointer struct DemoTwo { public int x; public DemoTwo(int p) { x = p; } DemoTwo test1 = new DemoTwo(1);DemoTwo test2 = test1; test1.x += 1;// test1.x is 2, test2.x is 1

C# properties

 C# properties are basically getters and setters for a variable

```
struct DemoThree {
    private int x;
    public DemoThree(int p) { x = p; }
    public int TheX {
        get { return x; }
        set { x = value; }
    } // use #1: int y = test1.TheX;
      // use #2: test1.TheX = 3;
```

C# attributes

 C# attributes adds special properties to a variable, depending on compiler/editor

```
[System.Serializable]
class DemoFour {
    [SerializedField]
    public int x;
    public DemoFour(int p) { x = p; }
```

C# Homework

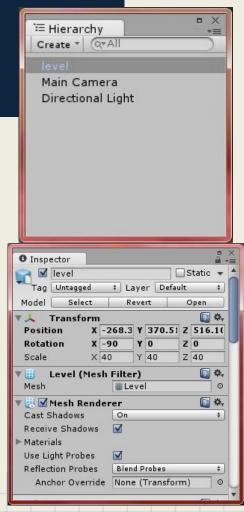
- Some things to look into:
 - a. Function parameter modifiers (ref, out,
 params)
 - b. Difference between const and readonly
 - c. Anything imported from "using
 System.Collections.Generic" (List<T>,
 Dictionary<T>, HashSet<T>)
 - d. What is var?

Back to Unity scripting

- Scripts in Unity manipulates data held in components for the engine to handle
- Unity's own graphics, physics, and audio engine reads that data and apply changes to the screen/speakers
- Data is stored using an Object-Component model

Object-Component model

- Scenes contain a list of GameObjectS
- Each GameObject contains a list of Components
- The Hierarchy pane lists all the GameObjectS
- The Inspector lists a GameObject's Components



Sample code

```
public class MoveTransform : MonoBehaviour {
    [SerializedField]
    private Vector3 moveDirection
    private Transform transformCache;
    private void Start () {
        transformCache = GetComponent<Transform>();
    private void Update() {
        Vector3 position = transformCache.position;
        position += moveDirection * Time.deltaTime;
        transformCache.position = position;
```

MonoBehaviour base class

- A script extending MonoBehaviour (colon is used in C# for extending) turns a script into a special Component
- Basically turns a script that can be attached to a
 GameObject in the Hierarchy pane just like any
 other Component

SerializedField attribute

- Adding [SerializedField] above or next to a member variable declaration exposes that variable to the inspector pane
- In the example code, we turned a Vector3 (a struct containing 3 floats: x, y, and z), named moveDirection available to the inspector

GetComponent<T>()

- GetComponent<T>() grabs a component attached on the GameObject the script also happens to be attached to.
- MonoBehaviour's read-only public property
 gameObject and transform corresponds to the
 GameObject the script is attached to, and its
 Transform (a component containing position,
 rotation, and scale) respectively

Start() and Update() events

- In Unity, events are defined by simply declaring the function with the correct spelling and parameters
- void Start() gets called on the frame the game starts
- void Update() is called every frame except the frame Start() is called
- void FixedUpdate() is called every 0.02 seconds
 a. Useful for physics calculation, as it adds consistency
 b. Called much more often than Update()

Time Properties

- The Time.deltaTime read-only property defines how much seconds has passed between frames
 - a. Works both in Update() and FixedUpdate()
- Time.timeScale property allows you to slow down or quicken time
- Time.time retrieves the number of seconds that passed since Start()
 - a. This changes proportional to Time.timeScale

To review

```
public class MoveTransform : MonoBehaviour {
    [SerializedField]
    private Vector3 moveDirection
    private Transform transformCache;
    private void Start() {
        transformCache = GetComponent<Transform>();
    private void Update() {
        Vector3 position = transformCache.position;
        position += moveDirection * Time.deltaTime;
        transformCache.position = position;
```

Other quick notes

 You can print stuff on Unity's console by using Debug. Log()

Debug.Log("Hello World");

Other notes

• To get a reference to a GameObject or Component different from the one the script is attached to, simply create a serialized variable

[SerializedField]
private GameObject someOtherObject;

When the variable is exposed to the Inspector,
 move the GameObject in-interest to the variable

Other notes

- Transform's rotation property is a Quaternion (struct that represents a 1D rotation matrix)
- Using Eular Angles functions are advised

```
Transform.rotation =
Quaternion.Eular(90, 0, 0);
```

```
Vector3 angles =
Transform.rotation.eularAngles;
```

Other notes

- Scripts attached to Colliders or Rigidbodies has the following events available to them:
- void OnCollisionEnter(Collision info)
- void OnCollisionExit(Collision info)
- void OnCollisionStay(Collision info)
- void OnTriggerEnter(Collider other)
- void OnTriggerExit(Collider other)
- void OnTriggerStay(Collider other)

Recommended

- Where possible, let Unity do the work! Look into these components and static classes:
 - a. AudioSource (sound maker)
 - b. All Colliders
 - c. Rigidbody
 - d. Joints (physics connections)
 - e. Animator (component for animations)
 - f. Anything from using UnityEngine.UI; (or UGUI)
 - g. Mathf and its set of float-related functions
 - h. Input and its set of input-related functions
 - i. Physics.Raycast() function

Google Cardboard

- For Google Cardboard, check documentation on <u>StereoController</u> and its properties
- Also check out <u>GazeInputModule</u>, which works with with UnityEngine.UI, or UGUI

Recommended

- Check the Unify Community for any free scripts
- The Unity Assets Store is another good place to look for scripts and assets, too!